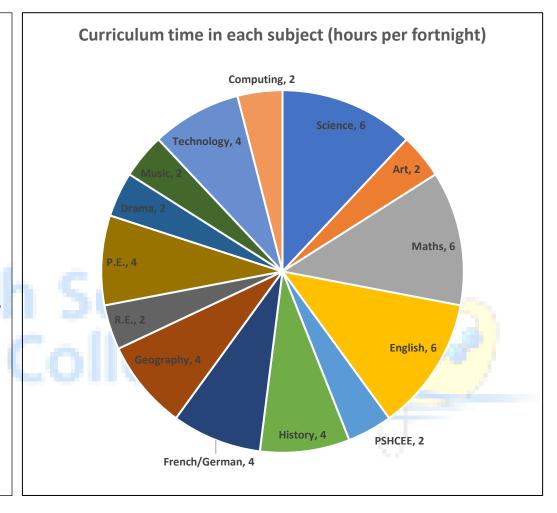
Cottingham High School Year 7 Curriculum Map

Our curriculum intent

We are a true comprehensive with an eclectic mix of learners. All students at Cottingham High School are entitled to an engaging, broad, balanced, rich, appropriately challenging and ambitious curriculum, with a strong academic core, delivered by specialists who are passionate about their subject. This will include classroom-based learning, independent learning outside the classroom and an exciting and inclusive range of extra-curricular enhancement and enrichment opportunities designed to ignite and inspire our students.

Our curriculum clearly sets out the knowledge and skills that pupils will gain at each key stage, how this knowledge and these skills will be taught and assessed and how effectively pupils apply the knowledge and skills they have acquired. Our aims are to provide an effective and enjoyable education where pupils achieve highly and are equipped with the knowledge and cultural capital they need to be confident and succeed in life. Our curriculum is designed sequentially so that new knowledge and skills build on what has been taught before through a mastery approach. It builds towards clearly defined end points. We have designed our curriculum to reflect our context and to combat social disadvantage by addressing gaps in pupils' knowledge and skills. This includes an emphasis on reading and vocabulary-rich programmes of study and a focus on careers education in each curriculum area, which will raise aspirations.

Above all, we want all our students to be enthusiastic about their studies and to instil in them a self-belief and an appetite for life-long learning.



The following pages provide a long-term plan of learning for our Year 7 students at Cottingham High in all subjects.

The pie chart above shows the proportion of the curriculum time spent learning in each subject

Our curriculum is based on a strong academic core, of English, Maths and Science, with all students in Year 7 studying all humanities and a language. In technology, students are taught on a termly rotation and study engineering, resistant materials, and food technology. All students experience one lesson per week of Computing and PSHCFE.

	Transi Hull –
	How o
English (3)	Stude of usin at Key have we strate builds the id through transiful development of the second of the State of
	Create

	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4	TERM 5	TERM 6
	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content
	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
	Transition Unit: Made in	Trash – novel study (Other	Exploring Mythology	Cultures Poetry	Writing to persuade – Take	Shakespeare's Villains
	Hull – Descriptive Writing	Cultures)		•	Action Writing	·
	, 5	,	How does this link to prior	How does this link to prior	3	How does this link to prior
		How does this link to prior	learning?	learning?	How does this link to prior	learning?
	How does this link to prior	learning?			learning?	
	learning?		Students have a brief	Students have now		Students have repeatedly
		Understanding language	understanding of myths	analysed language twice.	Students have experience	developed their analytical
	Students have experience	and its effects has been	and legends depending on	Through discussion with	of descriptive skills from	skills throughout the year.
	of using descriptive devices	introduced at KS2, but the	detail of study at varied	primary schools, we have	initial term. There wil be	The texts have steadily
	at Key Stage Two and will	focus will be on extracting	primary schools. The skills	found that poetry is rarely	reminders of some of the	become more difficult and
	have worked on planning	and exploring key	are repeated from the	covered in primary in any	terms and how they can be	complex, culminating in the
	strategies. The first unit	quotations to inform	previous unit, but the	detail, hence, students	applied within non-fiction	exploration of extracts from
	builds on this, introducing	analysis.	literature is significantly	should have minimal prior	writing. Students are	Shakespearean plays.
	the idea of communities	aa., e.e.	more advanced. Students	knowledge in this form. Key	introduced to persuasive	Students have looked at
	through a two-week	Non-negotiable	must master their skills by	linguistic and literary	features within letters and	abridged Shakespeare plays
	transition period before	Experiences in the learning	applying them to a more	terminology will be	open letters.	which will be foundational
(3	developing descriptive	scheme	difficult text.	recapped and applied to	open intrese	for the exploration of
sh	writing skills. Learners will			poetry.	Non-negotiable	language and archetypal
English (3)	be asked to apply skills	Contextual understanding	Non-negotiable	poda,	Experiences in the learning	characters.
En	learned through the	of human rights in third	Experiences in the learning	Non-negotiable	scheme	
	Transition Week activities,	world countries	scheme	Experiences in the learning		Non-negotiable
	which introduced students	Legal differences between		scheme	Consider a range of	Experiences in the learning
	to using describing familiar	a first and third world	Cultural capital gained		contextual issues and	scheme
	places in Hull and will form	country	through understanding of	Contextual consideration of	possible	
	part of the cross-curricular	Identifying key quotations	myths and morals, with	issues faced in a variety of	responses/solutions.	Context of Shakespearean
	focus on community.	Applying linguistic and	links to creation context.	other cultures.	Contextual consideration of	audiences and society.
	The Summer transition	literary terminology	Identifying key quotations	Contextual message of	skills and how they are	Understanding of much
	tasks given to pupils are	accurately	Applying linguistic and	tolerance and equality	necessary life skills.	higher level vocabulary and
	also focused on activities	Constructing an analytical	literary terminology	embedded.	Persuasive skills informed	simple Shakespearean
	about Hull.	paragraph	accurately	Introduction to poetic	by a range of contexts,	vocabulary (thee, thou,
		Considering the effect of	Constructing an analytical	terms – the ability to	within letters.	thine, etc.)
	Non-negotiable	key words/phrases on the	paragraph	identify and analyse the	Understanding of	,
	Experiences in the learning	reader	Considering the effect of	effect of these.	paragraphing.	
	scheme		key words/phrases on the		Speaking and listening skills	Skills being developed
		Skills being developed	reader	Skills being developed	in the form of debate and	
	Create a piece of		Students must be		presentation.	Writing to analyse by
	descriptive writing about	Writing to analyse by	introduced to the skill of	Writing to analyse by		micro-analysis of language
	Hull.	micro-analysis of language	evaluation, encouraging a	micro-analysis of language	Skills being developed	used in a text.

Recognition and application of word classes (verb, adverb, noun, adjective, pronoun, preposition) and sentence types
Application of descriptive writing skills; simile, metaphor, alliteration, personification, semantic field)

Practising technical accuracy through Do Now activities which practice punctuation and grammar.

Skills being developed

Writing to describe skills - Identifying and applying linguistic and literary terms.

This scheme recaps and builds upon SPaG skills covered within KS2 to ensure these are mastered and maintained throughout pupils' secondary education.

How will it be assessed?

Description based on an image of Hull Fair (GCSE-style question)

used in a text. Consideration of effect on reader.

Skimming and scanning for key quotations.

How will it be assessed?

Language analysis of an extract from the text, focussing on the presentation of place.

more personalised response.

Skills being developed

Writing to analyse by micro-analysis of language used in a text.
Consideration of effect on reader.
Skimming and scanning for key quotations.
Students debating skills through evaluation.

How will it be assessed?

Language analysis of a myth, focusing on the evaluation of a given statement to form the basis of their response.

used in a poem. Consideration of effect on reader.

Consideration of poet's/author's purpose.

How will it be assessed?

Literature analysis of poem, focusing on the presentation of culture.

Identification and application of rhetorical devices.

Writing with purpose: to persuade.

Speaking and listening skills.

How will it be assessed?

Non-fiction letter, writing to persuade on a topic (pre-approved by the classroom teacher) on a topic students feel passionately need acting upon.

Consideration of effect on reader.

Skimming and scanning for key quotations.

Understanding of form of text as a play and impacts of this on audience. Understanding that texts are constructs.

Through exploration of various villains in this scheme, students are able to explore this trope within the tragedy genre.

How will it be assessed?

Literature analysis of
Tybalt's character –
emotions, motivations and
the methods used to
convey these.

Topic/Content

- Sequences
- Algebraic Thinking
- Equality and Equivalence

How does this link to prior learning?

- Builds upon Algebra KS2 National Curriculum requirements.
- Summer homework book builds on number work for transition from KS2 to 3.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

All learners taught to use a calculator effectively (barely used at primary school)

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses
- One non-classroom based lesson (Hall)
- Higher attainers will access additional challenge content

Topic/Content

- Place Value
- Fractions, Decimals and Percentages

How does this link to prior learning?

- Builds upon Number KS2 National Curriculum requirements.
- Algebra skills from the previous half term are used to promote recall of knowledge.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Collaborative learning experience/competition where students have to arrange themselves in order as a full group, or 2 opposing groups (students given cards with a fraction, decimal or percentage on).

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses

Topic/Content

- Addition & Subtraction
- Multiplication and Division
- Fractions and Percentages of Amounts

How does this link to prior learning?

- Builds upon Number and Ratio and Proportion KS2 National Curriculum requirements.
- Use of Place Value knowledge.
- Revisits Rounding.
- Revisits Order of Operations with Negative Numbers.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Financial Maths half year group Skidby lesson.

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses
- One non-classroom based lesson
- Higher attainers
 explore addition of
 numbers given in
 Standard Form,
 Evaluate the Area of a

Topic/Content

- 4 Operations with Directed number
- Addition and Subtraction of Fractions

How does this link to prior learning?

- Builds upon Number KS2 National Curriculum requirements.
- Revisits Sequences,
 Substitution and
 Equations
- Revisits Fractions knowledge

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Plan a weather report using negative numbers literacy and presentation skills promoted here also.

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses
- Higher attainers discuss negative square roots and higher powers

Topic/Content

- Constructing, Measuring and using Geometric Notation
- Developing Geometric Reasoning

How does this link to prior learning?

- Builds upon Geometry -Properties of Shape KS2 National Curriculum requirements.
- Revisits Simplifying and Perimeter
- Revisits mental and formal methods of Addition and Subtraction, including with decimals.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Students learn to use a protractor and compass efficiently.

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses
- One non-classroom based lesson
- Higher attainers understand and use parallel lines rules, the sum of angles in any

Topic/Content

- Developing Number Sense
- Sets and Probability
- Prime Numbers and Proof

How does this link to prior learning?

- Revisits FDP
 equivalence and simple
 FDP Addition and
 Subtraction
- Revisits Factors and Multiples, both Numerically and Algebraically

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

A look back at the year's skills and what doors they could begin to open career-wise.

- All learners move at an appropriate pace through the SOL, largely in-line with other groups, accessing all content
- Students are referred to previous learning links and real-life uses
- Higher attainers
 understand and use the
 complement of a set
 and use prime factors
 to find HCFs and LCMs.

 Students use calculators regularly

Skills being developed

- Describe and continue sequences in diagram and number forms, both linear and non-linear
- Compare numerical and graphical forms
- Use single function machines an series of two function machines with numbers, bar models and letters
- Use and interpret algebraic notation
- Understand and use inverse operations
- Form and substitute into expressions, including to generate sequences
- Represent functions graphically
- Understand equality
- Use fact families
- Form and solve one-step equations
- Understand equivalence of algebraic expressions
- Collect like terms

How will it be assessed?

End of block assessments with Next Steps directly linked to assessment misconceptions.

- Students experience reading week maths related tasks/starters/lessons.
- Higher attainers
 explore and use
 Standard Index Form,
 Fractions above 1 and
 convert multiples of
 1/8 to decimals and
 percentages.

Skills being developed

- Recognise and use integer place value up to one billion
- Recognise and use decimal place value to at least hundredths
 Work out intervals and use number lines
- Compare and order numbers
- Use ordered lists to find the range and the median of a set of numbers
- Round numbers to positive powers of ten
- Round numbers to one significant figure
- Represent tenths and hundredths on diagram and number lines
- Interchange between fractions, decimals and percentages for multiples of one tenth and one quarter

Trapezium, find HCF and LCM of Algebraic Expressions, find areas involving algebraic expressions and use fractions greater than 1

Skills being developed

- Use mental and formal written methods of addition with integers and decimals, including choosing the most appropriate method
- Solve problems in the context of perimeter, money and frequency trees and tables
- Solve problems in the context of bar and line charts
- Multiply by 10, 100 and 1000, 0.1, 0.01 and convert metric units
 Use mental and formal
- Use mental and form written methods of multiplication and division
- Find the HCF and LCM of small numbers
- Evaluate areas of triangles, rectangles and parallelograms
- Find the mean of a set of numbers
- Find simple fractions and percentages of amounts
- Begin to use the order of operations

Skills being developed

- Order directed numbers, both in contextualised and abstract situations
- Revisit four operations to include directed number
- Use a calculator with directed number
- Solve two-step equations (with and without a calculator)
- Use order of operations
- Represent tenths and hundredths on diagrams and number lines
- Convert mixed numbers and improper fractions
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, one denominator a multiple of the other and different denominators
- Add and subtract fractions and decimals eg ¾ + 0.2

How will it be assessed?

End of block assessments with Next Steps directly linked to assessment misconceptions.

polygon and derive simple proofs using angles rules

Skills being developed

- Understand and use lettering and labelling notation for lines and angles
- Draw and measure lines and angles accurately
- Classify angles
- Identify and draw parallel and perpendicular lines
- Recognise types of triangle, quadrilateral and other Polygons
- Construct triangles given SSS, SAS, ASA
- Draw and interpret Pie
- Calculate and use angles at a point, angles on a straight line and vertically opposite angles
- Calculate missing angles in triangles and quadrilaterals

How will it be assessed?

End of block assessments with Next Steps directly linked to assessment misconceptions.

Skills being developed

- Mental arithmetic strategies
- Use known facts to derive other facts
- Evaluate an algebraic expression given a related fact
- Use estimation
- Understand and use set notation
- Draw and interpret Venn diagrams
- Understand and use the language of probability
- Calculate the probability of a single event
- Use the sum of probabilities of an event is 1
- Recognise prime, square and triangle numbers
- Express a number as a product of prime factors
- Powers and roots
- Make and test conjectures
- Understand and use counterexamples

How will it be assessed?

End of block assessments with Next Steps directly linked to assessment misconceptions.

Cui	ricu	lum	Map	Y7
Cui	1164	ıuııı	IVIGP	.,

- Interpret pie charts - Work out simple - Equivalent Fractions fractions and - Convert between other fractions, decimals and percentages without a calculator.	
How will it be assessed?	
End of block assessments	
with Next Steps directly How will it be assessed?	
linked to assessment End of block assessments	
misconceptions. with Next Steps directly	
linked to assessment	
misconceptions.	

Cottingham High School and Sixth Form College

Science (3)

Topic/Content

Transition – practical skills unit Chemical Reactions are the bedrock of our medicinal. petrochemical industry. Year 7 introduces this by investigating the interaction of Acids and Alkalis and the use of natural indicators to determine these chemicals. Students have the opportunity to use the exothermic nature of metal & acid reactions to design a heat pack

How does this link to prior learning?

Materials and properties Year 1,2,5

Students are encouraged to develop scientific enquiry, setting up simple practical enquiries and fair tests.
They make observations, taking accurate measurements using standard units, and a range of equipment. They are also recording findings using, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts & tables

They use results to draw simple conclusions, make

Topic/Content Physics – Forces

Forces are all around us and without their interaction life would not be as we know it.

Friction "friend or foe", Air resistance "saint or sinner"

The relationship between force, extension and force and movement all come under scrutiny and investigation

How does this link to prior learning?

Forces & Magnets Years 4,5

In Year 4 students compare how things move on different surfaces and the idea of contact and non-contact forces is explored along with magnets and evaluate magnetic and non-magnetic

They can describe magnets as having 2 poles

Year 5 introduces gravity and

Topic/Content Physics – Space

The concept of space has always been an integral part of science education that has enthralled young learners. The magical transition of night into day, Winter into Spring have caused speculation since the dawn of time. Life on the moon and spacesuit design to explore our solar system force students to take one giant leap of faith

How does this link to prior learning?

Seasons & Space Years 1,5

Students observe changes across the 4 seasons and associated weather

In year 5, they describe they movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system and the moon relative to the earth. The idea of the Earth's rotation explains day and night and the apparent movement

Topic/Content Physics – Particles

The particle model is widely used to predict the behaviour of solids, liquids and gases and this has many applications in everyday life. It helps us to explain a wide range of observations and understand how to crush a can and make a pressure rocket. It also explains why it is difficult to make a good cup of tea high without stirring it!

How does this link to prior learning?

States of Matter Year 4
Students compare
and group materials
according to if they
are solids, liquids or
gases

They observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled & measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius

They identify the part played by evaporation and

Topic/Content Physics – Electricity

Electric charge is a fundamental property of matter everywhere. Understanding the different types and uses of electric circuits is essential along with safe design and usage. Modelling plays a key role in our understanding of electric current, voltage and resistance

How does this link to prior learning?

KS2 Electricity Year 4 & 6 In year 4 students identify common appliances that run on electricity, construct a simple series electrical circuit, identify its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers, identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery, recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit

Topic/Content Biology Cells & Reproduction

Cells are the basic unit of all forms of life. In this section we explore how structural differences between types of cells enables them to perform specific functions within the organism. For an organism to grow, cells must divide. If cells are isolated at an early stage of growth before they have become too specialised, they can retain their ability to grow into a range of different types of cells. These cells form tissues. organs and organ systems. The use of microscopes allows us to study and model cells. Students learn about the process of reproduction and reproductive systems as well as menstruation, contraception and disease

How does this link to prior learning?

Revisits Living things and their habitats Years 2,4,5,6

Expands upon Plants Years 1,2,3 Expands upon Animals & Humans Years 1,2,3,4,5,6

predictions, suggest improvements

They can identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes

In years 5 and 6 students are planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions controlling variables and taking repeat readings. They are recording results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs. They can use results to develop new lines of enquiry. Conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results are discussed in supporting arguments

Our first unit builds on this. introducing the new equipment students will use and ensure they have the vocabulary. We apply science to real life scenarios and introduced the safety aspect of laboratory working. We take the theory students have been learning and start applying

identifies the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces

Students can recognise that levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Subject specific Vocabulary Hooke's Law experiment Explaining scientific ideas

Skills being developed

HSW Skills – Variables Fair Testing Observations

Variables, Fair Testing, Repeat Readings Accuracy

Method Writing Take Accurate Readings Simple Table of results Bar Charts & Line Graphs **Simple Conclusions Evaluating Conclusions Scientific Explanations**

How will it be assessed?

of the sun across the sky

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Brad Gibson Visit – Moon Base

Skills being developed

HSW Skills Observations Modelling Comparing Methods **Averages Evaluating** Justify Research

Method Writing Take Accurate Readings Simple Calculations Simple Conclusions **Using Logical Approaches** Scientific Explanations How will it be assessed? Short term - using exit tickets and Educake tasks to generate individual targets to address mis conceptions quickly. Medium term - mid & end of topic & HSW tests using diagnostic questions to direct students to individual next step tasks addressing areas of

condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature

In year 7, we revisit consolidate and develop Reading Scales, heat & temperature, energy Diffusion, Density States of matter Particles, particle motion Pressure, Latent Heat, Bond Modelling Circuits

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Alka Seltzer Rockets Crushing Can

Skills being developed

HSW Skills Observations Modelling Methods Variables

> **Method Writing Take Accurate Readings** Simple Table of Results Bar Charts & Line Graphs Simple Calculations Simple Conclusions **Scientific Explanations** Metacognition, Modelling

How will it be assessed?

Yr 6 students associate the brightness of a lamp with the number & voltage of cells used in the circuit. & use recognised symbols

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Plugs and Fuses

Skills being developed **HSW Skills** Observations Hazard Analysis Modelling Variables Experimental Errors

Method Writing Simple Table of Results Simple Calculations Simple Conclusions **Evaluating Conclusions** Using logical Approaches Metacognition, Modelling

How will it be assessed? Short term - using exit tickets and Educake tasks to generate individual targets to address mis conceptions quickly. Medium term - mid & end of topic & HSW tests

Evolution & inheritance Year 6 only

In year 4 students describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system Year 5 describe the life process of reproduction in some plants & animals & changes as humans age. Year 6 identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels & blood recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents

In Year 7 we consolidate these ideas and build upon them

Non-negotiable Experience in the learning scheme **Sexual Reproduction** Puberty, Menstrual Cycle Contraceptives STI's

it in a real science laboratory environment, with unfamiliar contexts and real-life applications of theory

The Acids & Alkalis unit builds on work done in KS2 Y5 on "properties and changes of materials" some students will be aware of reactions between acids and bicarb. and that substances can dissolve.

In Year we introduce acids and alkalis and a range of indicators and neutralisation reactions and the fact these can release heat energy

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Students make an Ice Pack for sports injuries and propose investigations to determine the best ratio of reactants.

Skills being developed

Investigative vocabulary Equipment Selection Making observations Method Planning Mean Average Risk assessments Simple Conclusions Short term - using exit tickets and Educake tasks to generate individual targets to address mis conceptions quickly. Medium term - mid & end of topic & HSW tests using diagnostic questions to direct students to individual next step tasks addressing areas of weakness and give summative progress data compared with FFT targets that feed into the tracking and intervention plans.

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using diagnostic questions to direct students to individual next step tasks addressing areas of weakness and give summative progress data compared with FFT targets that feed into the tracking and intervention plans.)

Heart Dissection Cell Models Microscopes

Skills being developed

Modelling Research Observations Drawing

Method Writing
Bar Charts & Line Graphs
Simple Calculations
Scientific Explanations

How will it be assessed?

Short term - using exit tickets and conceptions quickly. Medium ter questions to direct students to in give summative progress data co intervention plans.)

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How will it be assessed?				
Short term - using exit				
tickets and Educake tasks				
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Medium term - mid &				
end of topic & HSW tests				
using diagnostic				
questions to direct				
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next step tasks				
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summative progress data				
compared with FFT				
targets that feed into the				
tracking and intervention				
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	Topic/Content HT1: Why have Hull, Beverley and Cottingham changes over time?	Topic/Content HT2: Who were the Romans and why did they want Britannia?	Topic/Content HT3: How similar was Roman, Saxon and Viking Britain?	Topic/Content HT4: Did the Norman Conquest damage or develop Britain?	Topic/Content HT5: Why was society at a standstill in the Middle Ages?	Topic/Content HT6: Why did the Wars of the Roses bring about social and political change in
History	have Hull, Beverley and Cottingham changes over time? Why was Beverley so important in the past? Why was Beverley so important in the past? Why did Hull become a more impo rtant town than Beverley? Why did Hull become a more important town than Beverley? Why does Cottingham exist? Why did Cottingham become a suburb of Hull? Why did Hull expand so rapidly after the Medieval Era? How did WWI and	were the Romans and why	similar was Roman, Saxon	Norman Conquest damage or develop Britain? Why were there so many claimants to the throne of England in 1066? Who was the best candidate to become King of England? What was the impact of the Battle of Stamford Bridge? Which side had the tactical advantage before the Battle of Hastings? Why did the King of England lose the Battle of Hastings? How did William secure the throne of England to become King? Did King William invent Ikea? (castles)	was society at a standstill in the Middle Ages? What comes to mind when historians picture the Middle Ages? How comfortable was life in a Medieval town? Why was the treatment of disease and illness so poor? How much do you trust your barber? (surgery in the Dark Ages) How did the Black Death destroy its victims? How did the Black Death impact Yorkshire? (Hull) How safe was it to be a single woman in Medieval	did the Wars of the Roses
	Sources and interpretations: evid ence in History?	Sources and army so successful? (structure, weapons Porcy holp historians	Why did William install the Feudal Why were N	(Witchcraft) Why were Medieval Knights so revered?	How did Henry VII change the way England worked? (double) Was Henry VII a	
		Why was the Roman army so successful?	the Anglo-Saxons?	system?		financial genius?

Sources and interpretations: evid ence in History?

How does this link to prior learning?

Students may have studied aspects of their local area in primary school. Common focal points are the Blitz, Medieval Beverley, Victorian Hull and Hull's fishing industry

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

The local area aspects of the sequence (from titles above) will be learnt and will have a quality-focused demonstrate task completed (lesson may take longer than 1hr).

Skills being developed

Essay structuring and writing skills (focused on PEE)

Source analysis skills, with a larger focus on inference (moving on from descriptive KS2 skills)

Understanding of heritage and long-term historical

(structure, weapons and tactics)

How was military culture reflected in normal society?

How does this link to prior learning?

Potential links to modules taught as project learning at KS2 (normally focused on creative and cultural aspects). This could include Celtic Britain, the Iron Age, Romans, Saxons and/or Vikings. Often Primary Schools focus on projects like shield making, jewellery and other softer aspects of some of these societies.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

A 6-7 lesson sequence (from titles above) will be learnt and will contain a quality-focused demonstrate task. Students may opt from the remaining in the sequence. How did Christianity change Anglo-Saxon England?

Why did Vikings raid England?

Do the Vikings deserve their bloodthirsty reputation?

Was Alfred really so great? (Alfred the Great)

Why is 10th Century England seen as the Anglo-Saxon Golden Age?

How does this link to prior learning?

Bridged module with
Roman content and follows
chronologically from the
decline of the Roman
Empire into the
Saxon/Viking dual era of
ruling over parts of
England, which links to the
subsequent module, both
thematically and
chronologically

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme How pious was the Norman church?

How harsh were Norman laws and punishments?

Why was the Domesday book important?

How does this link to prior learning?

Chronologically. Focused on the Norman Conquest and establishment of the crown / dual relationship with the church. The themes of power, religion and focus on Britain remains consistent throughout the remainder of Y7.

Some verbal comparison to previous civilisations

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

2022 onwards: Trip to
Pickering castle. An
excellent example of a
Motte and Bailey castle of a
large scale, with the rare
feature of 2 baileys. Used
by the Normans to rule the
Northumbria Permanent

Why did people go on Crusades to the 'Holy Land'

How did the crusades effect the people involved?

Why was the children's crusade such a 'success'?

To what extent is the label 'Dark Ages' a myth?

How does this link to prior learning?

Chronologically. Norman society paved the way for Feudal Society in the Medieval Era. This module has themes linked to religion, power and the conditions that different people in Medieval society endured at different levels in society ie) Knights, peasants, the wealthy and women

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

A 6-7 lesson sequence (from titles above) will be learnt and will contain a quality-focused

How does this link to prior learning?

This collection of wars is generally seen as a turning point where the idle nature of the Dark Ages ceases and a monarchy with direction begins to rule England again. Students get a sense of economic and social development, how people can be perceived by History from multiple historians' viewpoints. Links well to AO4 in this respect.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

A 6-7 lesson sequence (from titles above) will be learnt and will contain a quality-focused demonstrate task. Students may opt from the remaining in the sequence.

Skills being developed

This module focuses on religion and power themes and draws together key concepts and processes

Cuiti	Culum Map 17	1	1	1		•
	and geographical	2022 onward: Trip to	A 6-7 lesson sequence	army garrison there during	demonstrate task. Students	studied during Y7 into a
	development	Barland's Farm. A Celtic	(from titles above) will be	the Norman era.	may opt from the	case study.
		experience to reinforce the	learnt and will contain a	Skills being developed	remaining in the sequence.	Main Q in EOY exam links
		entire concept of change	quality-focused	Skiiis beilig developed	Skills being developed	to Henry VII.
	How will it be assessed?	over time.	demonstrate task. Students	Developing an	Skiiis being developed	to riemy vii.
		Skills being developed	may opt from the	understanding of change	Understanding of causation	How will it be assessed?
		Skiiis beilig developed	remaining in the sequence.	and continuity in a deeper	and consequence (2.1) in	
	Teacher assessed – A	Source and evidence skills,	Skills being developed	sense. The module is	short term and longer-term	Multi-skilled assessment in
	written piece Explaining	with some focus on	and semigrateropea	structured around the	cycles. Starting to consider	the same format as HT2
	why Hull overtook Beverley	reliability.	Source analysis skills – with	changes the Normans	impacts over time and the	and HT4. This exam will
	as the dominant town in		a focus on settlement and	brought.	idea of multiple causes and	consider knowledge from
	the East Riding	Development of idea of	making inferences about	total distriction to write an	consequences working	HT5 in addition to HT6. An
		social change and	the lives of different	Introduction to military	together.	increased competency in all
		continuity over time	members of society.	History and politics prior to	Causa managana akilla ia	skill areas should be
	Ongoing "conclusions" and	Extended writing skills and	Analysing historians'	and during the conquest.	Source provenance skills in	evident in the outcomes of
	knowledge recall tests	structure of PEE paragraphs	interpretations and being	Some source use (Bayeux	relation to debating Saladin vs Richard.	this assessment.
	where appropriate (key	with the inclusion of	able to distinguish between	Tapestry, chronicles and	vs Richard.	Ongoing "conclusions" and
	knowledge and threshold	evidence as support for	types of evidence	Nordic sagas)	How will it be assessed?	knowledge recall tests
	concepts)	arguments.	types of evidence	Land Control		where appropriate (key
	A	14 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1	Comparative History	How will it be assessed?	Teacher assessed – A	knowledge an <mark>d thres</mark> hold
		How will it be assessed?	between time frames	Multi-skilled assessment	written piece;	concepts)
	Verbal questioning and	Multi-skilled assessment	Focus on causation as well	towards the end of HT4.	"To what extent was life	A COLUMN TO A COLU
	other AfL strategies	towards the end of	as change (both AO1 /	This will consider	miserable in the Middle	Verbal guestioning and
	21112 22	December in HT1. This	AO2.1and AO2.2 on our	knowledge from HT3 within	Ages?"	Verbal questioning and other AfL strategies
		assessment considers	skills ladder)	the set questions.		other All strategies
		learning in the local History	skiis idddei j		Ongoing "conclusions" and	
		module of HT1	How will it be assessed?	Ongoing "conclusions" and	knowledge recall tests	
				knowledge recall tests	where appropriate (key	200
		Ongoing "conclusions" and	Teacher assessed – A	where appropriate (key	knowledge and threshold	
		knowledge recall tests	written piece explaining the	knowledge and threshold	concepts)	
		where appropriate (key	growing importance of York	concepts)		
		knowledge and threshold	to the Vikings and the		Verbal questioning and	
		concepts)	Saxons	Verbal questioning and	other AfL strategies	
				other AfL strategies		
		Verbal questioning and				
		other AfL strategies	Ongoing "conclusions" and			
		_	knowledge recall tests			

Curri	culum	Map	Y7

	knov	re appropriate (key vledge and threshold epts)		
		al questioning and r AfL strategies		



	Culum Map 17	Tania/Contont				
		Topic/Content		Tania/Cantani	Taula/Cautaui	
		<u>Europe</u>	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	
		Landscapes	Africa	Asia	Oceania and Antarctica	
		Human and physical	Poverty and inequality	Pacific ring of fire	Ocean plastics and marine	Topic/Content
		processes	Development	Living with disaster	pollution	The Americas
	Topic/Content	Population density	Biodiversity continued	Tsunami	Seasons	Migration of people,
	Local area/UK introduction	Migration of people	Resources and food	Weather and climate	Migration of People	continued
	Collaboration project		Climate	Cities - India	Captain Cook – From	Development and
	How does this link to prior	How does this link to prior			Yorkshire to Australia	resources
	learning?	learning?	How does this link to prior			Biodiversity
	KS2 N.C. and own	Relates back to the UK	learning?	How does this link to prior		Cities and crime
	experiences of places	through investigating links	Biodiversity developed	learning?	How does this link to prior	Preparing for disaster - LA
	- p	to Hull/Cottingham	from topic 3	Disasters from topic 3	learning?	The parting for all and a control of the control of
	Non-negotiable	KS2 learning referenced	Resources expanded from	Weather and climate link	Migration of people from	How does this link to prior
	Experiences in the learning		Topic 3	from previous topic	topic 2	learning?
	scheme		Development compared to			Migration expanded from
(2)	Location of Cottingham in	Non-negotiable	USA			topic 1
_	Region, UK, Europe and	Experiences in the learning		Non-negotiable	Non-negotiable	Non-negotiable
h	the World	scheme	Non-negotiable	Experiences in the learning	Experiences in the learning	Experiences in the learning
Geography	Subject to agreed	Produce illustrated map of	Experiences in the learning	scheme	scheme	scheme
8	collaboration	Europe	scheme	Disaster newspaper report	Essay combining mastery	North to South Travel line
8		Travel guide to			elements	Section 1
	Skills being developed	Skills being developed	Skills being developed		() () () () ()	Skills being developed
	Maps on different scales	Presentation skills	Core Mastery Strand:	Skills being developed	alternative and a second	Core mastery Strand:
	Describing and explaining	Interpretation of maps and	Interpreting	Core Mastery Strand:	Skills being developed	Explanation
	Use of	data	Interpreting articles	Analysis	Core Mastery Strand:	Explanation of processes
	images/Interpretation	Extended writing	Interpreting graphs	Analysis of articles	Evaluation	+ Graph drawing
	Graph drawing	Effective research	Interpreting maps	Analysis of graphs	Use of evidence to support	
	How will it be assessed?	Core Mastery strand: Describing	Interpreting images	Analysis of maps	Construction of balanced	How will it be assessed?
	Checkpoint (6 lessons)	1	+Climate graphs	Analysis of images	arguments	Checkpoint (6 lessons)
	End of topic assessment	-Describing Human		Analysis of viewpoints		End of topic assessment
		Geography	How will it be assessed?			
		-Describing Physical Geography	Checkpoint (6 lessons)	How will it be assessed?	How will it be assessed?	
		-Describing in different	End of topic assessment			
		levels of detail		Checkpoint (6 lessons) End of topic assessment	Checkpoint (6 lessons)	
		How will it be assessed?		End of topic assessment	End of topic assessment	
		Checkpoint (6 lessons)				
		End of topic assessment				
		End of topic assessment				

Topic/Content

Basic required vocabulary Alphabet ,age, birthday, number, months, school bag

How does this link to prior learning?

Identification of prior learning

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Introduction to the subject Definite articles, indefinite articles, plurals, Metacognition, conversation building. Building a piece of writing Sound/spelling link

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
or German
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory
Sound/spelling link

How will it be assessed?

Mini assessments through vocabulary tests in order to test understanding of vocabulary and grammar

Topic/Content

Classroom, colours, adjectives, countries weather

How does this link to prior learning?

Use of definite articles in both languages Use of numbers Knowledge of masculine and feminine Correct pronunciation

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Adjectival agreement
Use of the present tense
verb etre

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory

How will it be assessed?

End of unit assessment based on 4 skills involving tasks relating to the steps for each skill increasing in difficulty through the year

Topic/Content

Physical and personal descriptions

How does this link to prior learning?

Knowledge of masculine and feminine Knowledge of adjectival agreement Use of j'ai

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Regular er verbs
Present tense of avoir
Present tense of etre
Use of possessive
adjectives

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory

How will it be assessed?

Mini assessments through vocabulary tests in order to test understanding of vocabulary and grammar

Topic/Content

Physical and personal descriptions

How does this link to prior learning?

Knowledge of masculine and feminine Knowledge of adjectival agreement Use of j'ai Word order

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Regular er verbs
Present tense of avoir
Present tense of etre
Use of possessive
adjectives

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory

How will it be assessed?

End of unit assessment based on 4 skills involving tasks relating to the steps for each skill increasing in difficulty through the yea

Topic/Content

My school

How does this link to prior learning?

Use of numbers Use of avoir and etre Use of plurals Use of adjectives

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Asking questions
Agreeing and disagreeing
12 hour clock
On forms of present tense
of verbs
Partitive articles

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory

How will it be assessed?

Mini assessments through vocabulary tests in order to test understanding of vocabulary and grammar

Topic/ContentMy school

How does this link to prior learning?

Use of numbers
Use of avoir and etre
Use of plurals
Use of adjectives

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Asking questions
Agreeing and disagreeing
12 hour clock
On forms of present tense
of verbs
Partitive articles

Skills being developed

Listening for gist
Listening for detail
Pronunciation
Mimicking sounds in French
Developing reading skills
Copying correctly
Writing from memory

How will it be assessed?

End of unit assessment based on 4 skills involving tasks relating to the steps for each skill increasing in difficulty through the year

	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content	Topic/Content
	Meine Welt und ich: Introducing self, counting, using alphabet	Meine Welt und ich 2: Describing character, talking about belongings	Familie und Tiere: Pets, family members	Familie und Tiere 2: Descrining family members, colours, birthdays	Freizeit 1: Sports you play, leisure activities	Freizeit 2: Talking about computers and mobile phones
	How does this link to prior learning? Identification of prior learning Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning	How does this link to prior learning? The verb haben – linked to verbs from previous ½ term Possessives – linking endings to indefinite	How does this link to prior learning? Revising pronouns, linking modal verbs to other verbs already learnt.	How does this link to prior learning? Using adjectives with nouns Moving on to ordinal numbers	How does this link to prior learning? More practice of present tense verbs	How does this link to prior learning? Using the present tense to talk about the future Giving opinions
GERMAN	scheme Introduction to the subject Definite articles, indefinite articles, the verb sein, the verb wohnen	articles from previous ½ term. Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme	Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Using pronouns Using the modal verb kann + infinitive	Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Using adjectives with nouns Adjective agreement in the plural form	Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Using gern with verbs Giving your opinion	Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Talking about the future using the present tense
MFL	Metacognition,	Adjectival agreement Use of the present tense verb haben	Present tense verbs revision and practice	Using ordinal numbers	Using correct word order Skills being developed	Skills being developed Listening for gist
0	Listening for gist Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German The sound-spelling link Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory	Listening for gist Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory Writing and proof-reading skills	Skills being developed Listening for gist Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory	Skills being developed Listening for gist Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory Practising speaking skills Asking and answering questions	Listening for gist Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory	Listening for detail Pronunciation Mimicking sounds in German Developing reading skills Copying correctly Writing from memory Developing prediction strategies Understanding longer listening texts Making your writing interesting and varied

Term One followed by either; Food, Design and Technology or Textiles Art – rotating through all three for the remainder of the year.

Topic/Content Technology Introduction and Baseline Testing

Students start in one of three subject areas. Food, Design and Technology or Textiles-Art. All students will begin their journey with a baseline test which is used to identify any gaps in understanding

How does this link to prior learning?

Baseline tests are used to identify any gaps from KS2 POS that could potentially require addressing with additional work whilst also addressing new content for each of the three subjects.

If second or third what skills are developed from the first rotation:

Whilst some skills can be used across different topic areas the majority of skills development takes place within each specific subject area.

Some skills that will be developed in each rotation include;

Topic/Content Food

We aim for students to cook once a week during this rotation, developing basic cooking skills to produce a range of sweet and savoury dishes. The following topics are covered during theory lessons: Health and Safety in the food rooms, Food storage and contamination, The eat well guide, 8 government guidelines, Energy balance, Sugar intake and Hydration.

How does this link to prior learning?

This topic develops further the idea of a healthy diet by looking at more specific sections of the Eat well guide which students look at in KS2. Practical skills such as knife skills and the use of an oven and hob will also be developed from KS2.

If second or third what skills are developed from the first rotation:

Health and safety from other units can be applied to some scenarios in the food room as well as developing further product analysis and evaluating techniques.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Learning how to cook and use equipment safely to produce a range of sweet and savoury dishes and understanding how the body uses food as a fuel and the different quantities required to have a healthy balanced diet.

Skills being developed

Organisation
Time management
Collaboration
Problem solving
Basic cooking skills

Topic/Content Design and Technology

We aim for students to have an experience of working safely in a workshop environment with various basic tools, equipment and machines (including CAD) whilst designing and manufacturing useful products.

How does this link to prior learning?

Moving on from 2D towards 3D design and even the use of CAD. Pupils will have had a varied experience of practical work at KS2 so we start with simple tools and machines.

If second or third what skills are developed from the first rotation:

Health and safety from other units can be applied to some scenarios in the workshops as well as developing further product analysis and evaluating techniques.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Learning how to manufacture finished products safely including CAD and CAM.

Skills being developed

Teamwork, organisation, time management, designing, measuring and marking out and various basic practical skills.

How will it be assessed?

Practical assessments and booklet Assessments in line with the schools marking policy. Students are RAG rated against 'I can' statements. Where they have shown a good understanding of a particular topic they will be rated Amber, where they have mastered a topic they will be rated Green and finally if we feel more work is required for the student to fully understand the topic they will be rated red. This is then used to inform 'next steps' in the students learning.

Topic/Content Textiles-Art

We aim to give Pupils an introduction to various embellishment techniques using a wide range of media in order to develop Textiles as a form of Artwork.

How does this link to prior learning?

Moving on from a basic understanding of colour we will develop students artistic creativity, within the media of Textiles.

If second or thi<mark>rd wh</mark>at skills are developed from the first rotation:

Health and safety from other units can be applied to some scenarios in the textiles room as well further developing design techniques and colour theory covered in Art.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Looking at the work of existing designers/artists whilst developing a range of embellishment techniques

Skills being developed

Organisation, time management, creativity and various embellishment techniques.

How will it be assessed?

Practical assessments and booklet
Assessments in line with the schools
marking policy. Students are RAG rated
against 'I can' statements. Where they
have shown a good understanding of a
particular topic they will be rated Amber,
where they have mastered a topic they will
be rated Green and finally if we feel more
work is required for the student to fully
understand the topic they will be rated

Health and Safety, Knowledge about existing designers, Product Analysis and Evaluating techniques.

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

In Y7 students must experience topics on Health and Safety, The Eat well guide and government guidelines, sugar intake, Hydration, Textile Embellishment, New developments in Technology, CAD training and writing to evaluate.

Skills being developed

Mainly basic cooking skills, fabric embellishment and design work

How will it be assessed?

Baseline testing assessed and used to identify gaps in knowledge that require addressing and to provide work at a suitable level of challenge at the start of KS3.

How will it be assessed?

Practical assessments and booklet Assessments in line with the schools marking policy. Students are RAG rated against 'I can' statements. Where they have shown a good understanding of a particular topic they will be rated Amber, where they have mastered a topic they will be rated Green and finally if we feel more work is required for the student to fully understand the topic they will be rated red. This is then used to inform 'next steps' in the students learning.

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red. This is then used to inform 'next steps' in the students learning.



Topic/Content **Baseline/Fitness**

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of fitness at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some fitness activities. These topics are designed to make a judgement on pupils starting points when beginning secondary school.

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Pupils will partake in a variety of physical activities as part of a baseline assessment and an appropriate target grade and group will be assigned. -Every pupil will be fully inducted in the fitness suite and understand the health and safety regulations. Understanding the need for following a healthy lifestyle and what this entails.

Skills being developed

An understanding of cardiovascular fitness. speed, endurance, agility, balance, coordination, reaction time and power. Numeracy skills in order to measure heart rate, fitness

Topic/Content

Football/ Rugby

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of invasion sports at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some invasion activities.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Identification and application of rules and regulations of invasion

games.

- Development of skills and techniques (specific to the activity) in both practice and competitive game situations, which allow them to overcome their opponent/s.
- Use of tactics to outwit opponents and gain an advantage.
- Develop mental and physical fitness and movement. -Identification and evaluation of basic strengths and areas for improvement in performance. -Show an ability and understanding to lead their

own 3-part warm up.

Topic/Content

Netball/Basketball

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of invasion sports at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some invasion activities.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Identification and application of rules and regulations of invasion games.

- Development of skills and techniques (specific to the activity) in both practice and competitive game situations, which allow them to overcome their opponent/s.
- Use of tactics to outwit opponents and gain an advantage.
- Develop mental and physical fitness and movement. -Identification and evaluation of basic strengths and areas for improvement in performance.
- -Show an ability and understanding to lead their own 3-part warm up.

Topic/Content

Tennis/ Badminton/ Rounders

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of net/wall and striking and fielding sports at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some of these activities.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme Develop striking and fielding

skills in both practice and competitive game situations. -Use of tactics (specific to the

- activity) to outwit their opponent/s in both team and individual games.
- -Working at maximum levels and developing techniques to improve performance in striking and fielding and net/wall games.

Skills being developed

Grip, stance, hand eye coordination, catching, fielding, racket/bat positioning, throwing.

Topic/Content

Trampolining/Movement

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of movement sports at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some of these activities.

Non-negotiable **Experiences** in the learning scheme

Developing an understanding of aesthetics and basic techniques to carry out basic skills such as seat drops, forward roll and balances - individual and paired. Developing skills such as body tension, core strength and an aesthetic appreciation of performance.

Skills being developed

Full and half rotations. balances, basic jumping and landing, basic shapes, safety in spotting and body tension.

Topic/Content **Athletics**

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will have done some form of athletics at primary school and will have a basic knowledge of some of these events.

Non-negotiable **Experiences** in the learning scheme

Developing basic techniques for standing starts in sprints, pacing for longer distances, stance and grips for throws and heel-toe technique for jumps.

-Working at maximum levels and developing techniques to improve performance in athletics events (track and field).

Skills being developed

Starts, throws, jumps, pacing, grip techniques, take off techniques, body positioning (chin, knee, toe), resilience.

culum iviap Y7					
tests and understanding		Skills being developed			
progression in fitness	Skills being developed	Basic passing and control	How will it be assessed?	How will it be assessed?	How will it be assessed?
terms.	Basic passing and control	techniques and methods of			Quantitative results in
Application of fitness into	techniques and methods of	defending.		Subjective professional	various events.
different sports.	defending.	Teamwork, communication	Subjective professional	teacher judgement based	Subjective professional
	Teamwork, communication	and movement.	teacher judgement based	around each lesson and	teacher judgement based
	and movement.		around each lesson and	practical assessment	around each lesson and
			practical assessment lessons	lessons throughout the	practical assessment
How will it be assessed?			throughout the term.	term.	lessons throughout the
	How will it be assessed?	How will it be assessed?			term.
Quantitative fitness tests.				_	_
	Subjective professional	Subjective professional			
	teacher judgement based	teacher judgement based			
	around each lesson and	around each lesson and			
	practical assessment lessons	practical assessment lessons			
	throughout the term.	throughout the term.			The same of the sa
	tests and understanding progression in fitness terms. Application of fitness into different sports. How will it be assessed?	tests and understanding progression in fitness terms. Application of fitness into different sports. How will it be assessed? Quantitative fitness tests. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. How will it be assessed? Subjective professional teacher judgement based around each lesson and practical assessment lessons	tests and understanding progression in fitness terms. Application of fitness into different sports. How will it be assessed? Quantitative fitness tests. Subjective professional teacher judgement based around each lesson and practical assessment lessons Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. Subjective professional teacher judgement based around each lesson and practical assessment lessons	tests and understanding progression in fitness terms. Application of fitness into different sports. How will it be assessed? Quantitative fitness tests. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of defending. Teamwork, communication and movement. Subjective professional teacher judgement based around each lesson and practical assessment lessons practical assessment lessons practical assessment lessons	tests and understanding progression in fitness terms. Application of fitness into different sports. How will it be assessed? Guantitative fitness tests. Skills being developed Basic passing and control techniques and methods of and movement based around each lesson and practical assessment lessons and practical assessment lessons mand practical assessment lessons and practical assessment lesson and practical assessment lesson and practical assessment les





Topic/Content

Community Adventure Story. PowerPoint project using computational thinking skills, literacy and graphic manipulation.

How does this link to prior learning?

Using logical reasoning to explain how simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in them.

Select, use and combine a variety of software.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Using literacy skills to create an original story with multiple possible outcomes based in the local community.
Research into careers/jobs that exist in the local community.
Using computational

Using computational thinking skills to develop an algorithm to guide readers through their story.

Skills being developed

Computational thinking skills.
Literacy skills.
Research skills (primary and secondary) when

researching jobs/careers.

Topic/Content

Spy School. Spreadsheet modelling,

How does this link to prior learning?

KS1. Recognise common uses of IT beyond school. KS2. Collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information. Select, use and combine a variety of software.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Use spreadsheet skills to create a spreadsheet from scratch and perform a series of calculations, modelling and formatting tasks. To analyse and present data using tables and graphs.

Research into different jobs/careers that use spreadsheets.

Skills being developed

Concept of entering numbers and text, formatting data, formulas, sorting and filtering of data, using comparison operators, using absolute and relative cell references, replicating formula and functions, creating graphs and modelling data.

Topic/Content

- Understanding Computers. Hardware, software, networks.
- 2. Binary and Control. Denary, Binary, conversion, control technology.
- 3. Repeating Patterns
 Basic graphic
 manipulation

How does this link to prior learning?

Recognise common uses of IT beyond school.
Understand computer networks.
Select, use and combine a variety of software.
Using search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.
Use of MS PowerPoint and graphic manipulation software.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Converting binary/denary numbers. Carrying out research into how control technology is used in everyday lives and by different jobs/careers and

Topic/Content

E-Safety. Social Networking, cyberbullying, dangers to technology.

How does this link to prior learning?

Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. Recognise common uses of IT beyond school. Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. Select, use and combine a variety of software. Using search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. Use of MS PowerPoint and graphic manipulation software.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning

scheme

Using Employability skills to work as a team to create an advertising campaign including a presentation, TV advert and leaflet.

Topic/Content

Scratch Programming. Basics of programming; algorithms, planning code, loops, variables and outputs.

How does this link to prior learning?

KS2: designing, writing and debugging programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. Using sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output. KS3:Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

algorithms and programs.

Planning and creating a basic program in Scratch using loops, selection, variables and outputs.

Skills being developed Basics of programming using Scratch. How to draw algorithms to plan code,

create loops and use

Topic/Content

Analysing Data and Asking Questions. Performing research, spreadsheet filtering, searching the internet.

How does this link to prior learning?

Select, use and combine a variety of software.

Using search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.

Use of MS PowerPoint and graphic manipulation

software.
Literacy skills.
Metacognition skills when planning the quiz.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Explore different way of performing research. Use a spreadsheet to sort and filter data to answer questions.

Search the internet to find out the answers to a number of questions using a variety of techniques.

Create a family based quiz where they plan the questions themselves and research the answers.

Metacognition skills when planning their story and algorithm.

Logical reasoning skills. Use of MS PowerPoint and graphic manipulation software.

How will it be assessed?

Class and homework activities throughout the topic.

Peer and Self Evaluation of final story.

Final story presented in PowerPoint will be assessed.

Research into careers/iobs that exist in the local community.

Maths: Calculations and graphs.

How will it be assessed?

Class and homework activities throughout the topic.

End of unit assessment to answer questions about spreadsheets using the skills learnt throughout the topic.

creating a presentation on control technology. Independent research using given resources in order to answer questions on hardware, software and networks.

Creating an original piece of artwork using repeated images.

Skills being developed

Converting binary to denary numbers and denary numbers to binary. Use of search technologies. Identifying the use of IT in the wider world and in different jobs/careers. Graphic manipulation skills: crop, rotate, reflect, adjust colours, apply effects with discussion on different jobs/careers who use these skills.

Maths: Lines of symmetry and Art: using repeating images to crate an overall piece of original artwork.

How will it be assessed?

Assessed activities on converting binary/denary numbers and final presentation on control technology. Assessed activities on Understanding computers. Final piece of original artwork assessed for Repeating Patterns.

Presenting their campaign to the rest of the class.

Skills being developed

How to stay safe when using the internet and social networking websites. Understanding the effects of cyberbullying and what to do if they see or experience bullying. Identifying dangers to their technology including viruses, worms and Trojans. Use of MS PowerPoint, MS Word, Video editing software and graphic manipulation software. Employability skills of teamworking, problem solving, communication and literacy and self management. Group work, collaboration using Shared folders on

How will it be assessed?

OneDrive.

Class and homework activities throughout the topic. Peer and self-evaluation on media products. Final outcomes will be assessed. Group collaboration and individual input will be assessed throughout the project.

selection. How to use variables and broadcast messages (outputs). Computational thinking skills and logical reasoning skills.

Metacognition skills: use flow diagrams to plan code. PSHE: Students will create a game about healthy eating.

How will it be assessed?

Peer and self-evaluation. Final game will be assessed.

Skills being developed

Carrying out searches using a variety of techniques. Use of MS PowerPoint, Excel, Word and graphic manipulation software. Literacy skills. Metacognition skills when planning the quiz.

How will it be assessed?

Assessed activities on searching throughout the project.

Final quiz will be assessed.



Topic/content BASELINE ASSESSMENT & COMMUNITY PHOTOGRAPHY PROJECT

Baseline test: Introduction to the formal elements - consideration key principals of composition, line, shape, form, tone and texture. Production of pencil tonal drawing observing 3D objects in controlled conditions to assess prior knowledge and skills.

Community Photography Project: Pupils introduced to the work of David Hockney Photographic

Joiners. Will discuss his work and how it represents the world from an alternative perspective.
Pupils will work at school to produce a joiner of the school environment.
Extended to create a personalised outcome

How does this link to prior learning?

linking to their local

community.

Baseline test: Will determine specific level of skill each pupil has based on prior experiences. Pupils should have received a

Topic/Content LINE

Pupils will investigate the first formal element: Line They will consider the principles of line and how this links to and supports the other formal elements They will explore a range of mark making techniques, continuous line drawings and the work of Pablo Picasso, translate this to mono-printing and consider how Van Gogh used lines to construct his vivid painted outcomes.

How does this link to prior learning?

Students in KS2 have a varied Art curriculum. Therefore, students will start to build and consolidate their prior knowledge of the formal elements and the ability to recognise, use and manipulate a range of different materials and processes. They will build their understanding of formal elements and develop practical skills already acquired at KS2. Non-negotiable

Experiences in the learning

scheme:

Topic/Content TONE

Pupils will develop their line drawings into tonal work. They will use the theme of 'identity' or 'self' as starting points for unit. They will consider what tone is, developing a definition and explore how a range of tonal values can be achieved in pencil. They will start with the production of individual facial features, building up towards a large self-portrait.

They will use the principles of scale and proportion to produce a self-portrait in line, then build in tonal value.

They will exploration how artists have been represented through self-portraits over time.

How does this link to prior learning?

Using the concept of line and how this is vital for the development of tonal outcomes.

Creating accurate scale and proportions.

Ability to discuss the work or artists and consider the key features using subject

Topic/Content COLOUR

Investigation into colour, including colour theory. Experimentation and colour mixing focusing on primary, secondary and tertiary colour wheels. Introduction to painting mixing, application, brush control. Colour ladders demonstrating an understanding of how to manipulate colours. Develop understanding of how the addition of white, black and grey to a colour

tones.
Research into the work of the originators of Fauvism, Henri Matisse and Andre

Derain.

creates tints, shades and

Observational painting, transposition of key piece of Fauvist portraiture.

Development of painting technique using expressive mark making to create final fauvist portrait outcome. Investigation into links between colour and emotion.

How does this link to prior learning?

Application of colour theory knowledge to create personal response.

Topic/Content

SHAPE & FORM

Observational drawing of natural form (Use of outdoor learning space). Experimentation in different media including photography (Edward Weston) mono-printing, clay tablet imprints and 3D clay models. Interpretation of natural features in an abstract form (Barbara Hepworth and Henry Moore)

How does this link to prior learning?

Continued development of pencil tonal work development line, shape, scale, proportion and form. Use of cameras to develop photography skills, focusing on macro techniques. Investigation and analysis of artists and movements.

Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Tonal drawings completed in pencil of at least 3 natural forms. Use of outdoor learning environment to create a set of photographic outcomes. Either clay tile imprints of natural forms or small clay model inspired by Henry

Topic/Content PATTERN & TEXTURE

Pupils will move to the final formal elements Pattern & Texture

They will investigate both man-made and natural patterns and how artists have interpreted and created these in their outcomes.

They will consider the work of Paul Klee's strong geometric repeated patterns and work of Hull artist Lydia Caprani's colourful geometric street murals will also be used to support practical outcomes. Pupils will continue to develop their practical skills using paint, oil pastel and extend their knowledge of printing by creating a final lino-cut print.

Pupils will consider how texture can be created on a 2D surface. They will be looking at using found and recycled objects to create a surface texture and respond to the work David Wightman using imagery they have recorded personally.

How does this link to prior learning?

Pupils will consolidate their understanding of texture

basic introduction to tone and working with pencil.

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme:

Production of baseline drawing.

Use of camera to create images for community joiner. Experience of photo editing software to develop outcomes.

David Hockney on his photocollage process (1983) - YouTube

Skills being developed Baseline test: Basic pencil drawing using line, scale, proportion. Use of pencil to create a range of tones. Photography: Introduction to alternative presentation of images, analysis of images, subject specific language, digital editing techniques.

How will it be assessed? **Baseline test:** 4 specific skills will be linked to the final drawing focusing on the use of line, tone, texture and shape. Statements used to assess individual outcomes. These will be used to determine a Investigation into two artists with practical responses to both. Development of practical

Use of online galleries and exhibitions.

Introduction to Ferens Art Gallery

Ferens Art Gallery | Hull Culture and Leisure (hcandl.co.uk) One Line Portraits - Picasso to "Soul" - YouTube express rising - capsize (excerpt taken from Low End Theory Podcast #12) -YouTube

Van Gogh Museum - The Museum about Vincent van Gogh in Amsterdam - The Netherlands

Sharing subject knowledge and understating through targeted questioning models. Do Now tasks and

Tasks will be modelled and scaffolded according to the range of abilities demonstrated in the class.

Skills being developed:

Line drawing, movement with pencil and pen. Continuous line drawing techniques in the style of Picasso. Introduction to monoprinting technique.

specific vocabulary. Analytical skills.

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme:

Tone bar demonstrating how to achieve a range of tonal values. Small pencil studies of facial features. Final self-portrait completed in pencil tone. Research and investigation into the work of at least two self-portraits of specified artists. Tonal values in portrait painting, By Ben Lustenhouwer. - YouTube A Guided Tour of the **National Portrait Gallery** Exhibition | Vogue 100 | British Vogue - YouTube Sharing subject knowledge and understating through targeted questioning models, Do Now tasks and

Tasks will be modelled and scaffolded according to the range of abilities demonstrated in the class.

AFL.

Skills being developed:

Observational skills, scale and proportion. Creation of tonal values using 2B artists pencils. Use of subject specific language.

At KS2 Pupils should already have a basic knowledge of colour theory and have experienced using wet media (watercolour) in half term 1. This unit will explore alternative paints and refine brush control and technique. Consideration of how tonal values explored in halfterm two can be translated into colour using the portrait created in the 'TONE' unit. Development of mark-making techniques from half-term 1. Development of subject specific language and

Non-negotiable **Experiences** in the learning scheme

identification and analysis

of artist's work.

Production of primary, secondary and tertiary colour wheel. Use of at least three key

materials.

Production of at least one self-portrait inspired by and including the key features of the Fauvists. Use of paint to develop some part of this.

Sharing subject knowledge and understating through targeted questioning models, Do Now tasks and AFL.

Moore or Barbara Hepworth. Introduction to Yorkshire Sculpture Park and **Hepworth Gallery** Sharing subject knowledge and understating through targeted questioning models, Do Now tasks and AFL.

Tasks will be modelled and scaffolded according to the range of abilities demonstrated in the class. Open Air | Yorkshire Sculpture Park (ysp.org.uk) Art, artists, our collection & past exhibitions at The Hepworth Wakefield

Skills being developed Continued observation

drawing skills in pencil. Introduction to monoprinting and clay impression work. 3D ceramics. Analytical studies. Transposition of artist work. Evaluation of outcome and processes.

How will it be assessed?

Interim holistic assessment of practical outcomes. Key pieces include tonal drawing of Henry Moore and Barbara Hepworth, 3D response in clay. Holistic review of work produced

and pattern and how these are both linked.

Continued development of practical painting and oil pastel skills.

Reinforced understanding of colour theory and how tonal values can be created with colour.

They will continue to build of the previous formal elements including line, colour, shape and form. They will use their prior knowledge f colour to inform their outcomes inspired by David Wightman.

Revisiting the use of a variety of different media. Use of subject specific language and identification and analysis of artist's work.

Non-negotiable **Experiences in the learning** scheme

Sharing subject knowledge and understating through targeted questioning models, Do Now tasks and AFL.

Refinement of at least two processes used before and production of original lino cut print.

Pupils will use a range of found materials.

Production of outcome to demonstrate 2D texture.

baseline starting point for pupils in Art. All subsequent assessments will link back to this.

Photography: Pupils will be assessed holistically on the key outcomes produced using a range of Formative feedback in appropriate format throughout. (Teacher/Peer/Self)

Use of other colour materials including pencil crayon, felt tip and watercolour. Use of subject specific language.

Analytical studies. Transposition of artist work.

How will it be assessed?

Termly assessment that uses content from half term 1 and 2. Holistic review of work produced across practical outcomes with criteria created from the GCSE assessment objectives, investigate, explore, record and present. Pupils will be assessed holistically on the key outcomes produced using a range of skills-based criteria: Continuous line drawing Mono-print Transposition of Van Gogh's work in 3 different mediums. Knowledge based set of knowledge based questions recalling first unit.

Analytical studies. Transposition of artist work.

How will it be assessed?

Pupils will be assessed on their final portrait. The use of a range of tonal values to achieve shape and form. Pupils will be assessed holistically on the key outcomes produced Knowledge based questions based on unit 1 & 2.

Tasks will be modelled and scaffolded according to the range of abilities demonstrated in the class.

Skills being developed

Brush control and painting skills. Colour mixing and identification. Recognising specific features of an artist/movement Development of the use of wet and dry media and ability to recognise properties of each. Painting and use of wet media. Brush control. Use of expressive mark making to create shape and form. Use of key colour theory concepts.

How will it be assessed?

Understanding and

movements.

recognition of key art

Term 2 final assessment of practical skills marked in lines with subject specific criteria. Pupils will be assessed on their final portrait. The use of a range of mark making techniques and expressive brush strokes to achieve shape and form. Knowledge based question

based in units 1, 2 & 3.

across practical outcomes with criteria created from the GCSE assessment objectives, investigate, explore, record and present.

Knowledge based questions based in units 1, 2, 3 & 4.

Tasks will be modelled and scaffolded according to the range of abilities demonstrated in the class. Exposure to new contemporary artists for inspiration

A Tour of Paul Klee: The Berggruen Collection from The Metropolitan Museum of Art - YouTube lydia caprani | artist | hull David Wightman / Landscape

Skills being developed

Use of tone in colour. Refinement of brush skills and understanding and use of acrylic paint. Repetition and symmetry in patterns.

Understanding of how texture can be created on a 2D surface.

Ability to layer materials together to create both organic and structured textural outcomes. Creation of collage using found objects.

Transposition of artist work.

Evaluation of outcome and processes.

How will it be assessed?

urriculum Map Y7				
				Final term formal
				assessment 3. Holistic review of work
				produced across all units
				with criteria created from
				the GCSE assessment
				objectives, investigate,
				explore, record and
				present. Knowledge based question
				based in units 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5
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#### **Topic/Content**

Term 1 - The Elements of Music

Term 2 - Performing Music

#### How does this link to prior learning?

This is the first topic in year 7 but should build on singing skills from primary school if they studied music previously. Both topics, Composing and Performing, will be new to most students at this stage, but performing in other subjects such as drama and/or dance will be referred to

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Looking at the work of published composers or music of musical artists

Benefits of listening to music. Expression through music. Finding emotion in music. Working with others and as part of a group.

Historical development of written down musical notation through the Christian church. Listening to works by famous British composers such as Purcell and Vaughan-Williams. Working together, reciprocity, listening to others, how to listen respectfully

### Skills being developed

Pitch (high/Low), Duration (short/long), Tempo (fast/slow), Structure, Texture (thick/thin), Dynamics (loud/quiet), Harmony (consonant/dissonant).

Beats in a bar, time signatures, note durations

#### Topic/Content

Term 3 - Introduction to Rhythm

Term 4 - The Beginning of Popular Music (1900-1950)

### How does this link to prior learning?

Students will use their knowledge of duration and build on this to create rhythms in time to a beat or pulse

Students have not looked at popular music until now but have looked at the slave trade in history lessons and know about William Wilberforce.

Students will continue to sing and will now include harmony parts in all their songs.

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Recording our work using basic sound engineering and technology. Careers in Recording Studio's and work as a technician. Composing for a purpose.

Working both individually and as part of a group. Roles within the group and how to both help and learn from others. Music as a way of displaying feelings and emotions and thoughts on life experiences.

The influence of historical events on the development of music through the slave trade and emigration from Europe to the USA. Treatment of others throughout history. Effects of war on music. How we have treated each other in the past. Working together, reciprocity, listening to others, how to listen respectfully.

### **Topic/Content**

Term 5 – The Beginning of Western Art Music

Term 6 – Music from the British Isles (World Music)

#### How does this link to prior learning?

Students may have heard examples of Christian music in church if they attend. Students may have visited Christian religious buildings where they have heard organ/Church music. Students may have looked at some traditional songs in primary school or at home. These will be discussed in initial lessons and we will sing some during the lesson

Students will continue to sing and will now include harmony parts in all their songs.

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Students may look at the development of the early church in RE and History as well as different cultures around the world in Geography.

Looking at the work of published composers and musical artists. Recording our work using basic sound engineering and technology. Accompanying for well-known tunes.

Benefits of listening to music. Constantly working with others to refine and improve work while learning from others.

Historical development of music in the Western World and in the Christian Church. The influences of World styles as they travel around the world and mix with that of others. Working together, reciprocity, listening to others, how to listen respectfully.

#### How will it be assessed?

Term 1 – A Halloween Composition

Term 2 – A first keyboard performance

Students will contribute to the year 7 celebration assembly, Christmas concert, Cottingham Christmas festival and end of term assembly that will take place during this term by singing as a group. Students will also contribute with individual performances

### Skills being developed

Rhythm, rhythmic values (crotchets, minims, semibreves and quavers) Arranging, syncopation, ostinato, improvising, arranging.

Slave Trade, Blues, Jazz, Big Band, Scales, Harmony, Accompaniment

Beats in a bar, time signatures, note durations, structure and balance, scales, chords, intervals.

#### How will it be assessed?

Term 3 - First Rhythm Composition (and arrangement)

Term 4 - Blues Composition

#### Skills being developed

Notre Dame Cathedral, Monks, Plainsong, Plain chant, steps, leaps, drone, structure, free rhythm

Fold/World Music, traditional, cultural, Gaelic/Celtic, scotch snap, anacrusis

Beats in a bar, time signatures, note durations, structure and balance, scales, chords, intervals

#### How will it be assessed?

Term 5 – Medieval Composition

Term 6 – Performance of Music form the British Isles (Auld Lang Syne)

#### **Topic/Content**

Thematic Topic: Exploration of Drama Conventions / Cultural Capital – City of Culture

#### How does this link to prior learning?

Drama teachers approach this first unit of work in the assumption that limited drama skills have been experienced and or developed. Learners attend with a very varied understanding of drama. However, the ability to roleplay is generally established and this is utilised to trigger engagement with the application and exploration of dramatic conventions for producing devised work. Creating character and techniques for characterisation (English/School production -Primary school). Creating and developing narrative (English – Primary)

Exploration of social/moral themes and issues – through PSHCE (Primary)

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Extra-curricular rehearsal opportunities, production and group collaboration opportunities. Y7 celebration assembly. Learners to experience through role-play within devised scenes and the context to the life and life experiences of those within the drama.

Learners to explore devising techniques and script work – exploration of character and devising storyline. Cultural Capital content in City of Culture context – war, family and community cohesion.

#### Topic/Content

**Introducing Scripted Performance - Prop-less Theatre** 

### How does this link to prior learning?

Creating character and techniques of characterisation (term 1 & 2 year 7)

Creating and developing narrative (term 1 & 2 year 7)

Exploration of social/moral themes and issues – through PSHCE (Primary/Secondary School)

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Themes of Citizenship/Social/ Moral explored throughout the script work – exploration of character and devised storyline. Capital culture elements driven within the Propless Theatre work and narrative of Revolting Rhymes 'Little Red Riding Hood'.

Exploration of relationships and development of relationships within the narrative in the script 'The Awkward Customer – conflict and resolution.

#### Skills being developed

The application and management of role creation to script, characterisation creation from interpretation of scrip, vocal, physical, facial expression, narrative, plot, scenes, plot, character relationships, interaction, stage directions, atmosphere, facial expression, gesture, action,

#### Topic/Content

Musical Theatre / Devising a Musical

#### How does this link to prior learning?

Devising skills and conventions (term 1)

Extension to characterisation work (term 1) application to musical style. Characterisation in song.

Propless theatre, movement and spatial management work – Dance, movement and characterisation work.

Stimulus interpretation – script work (term 3).

#### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Musical showcase event, parents evening and end of term assembly. Roles in the construction of musical theatre, live theatre and film. Working collaborative relationships – composers, directors, production.

Understanding and dramatic exploration and role-play of thematic content of love, betrayal, reconciliation, friendships, mental health, respect, tolerance, equality, gender stereotypes, societal expectation.

#### Skills being developed

In the knowledge, understanding and application to genre, form and structure, Brecht, suspension of disbelief,

### Skills being developed

Role-play and creation, characterisation, vocal, physical, facial expression, narrative, scenes, plot, character relationships, mood and atmosphere, improvisation, facial expression, gesture, action, movement, dialogue, Freeze Frame, Still Image, Hot Seating, Thought Tracking, conventions, rehearsal, effect, plot, staging, transition, setting, audience.

#### How will it be assessed?

Process and performance. Application of skills in performance outcome to communicate roles within the 'city of culture' contexts created. Defining and sustaining character physically and verbally to meet the need of context. Context defined with teacher materials. Learner application and management of dramatic conventions to construct drama scenes.

Performance outcome – application of skills in recorded performance.

Formative assessment throughout Summative assessment – knowledge and understanding of techniques and skills applied

Working notebook content

Teacher, self and peer assessment

movement, dialogue, rehearsal, effect, staging, setting, audience, End On, prop-less theatre, movement, sound effects, soundscape, dynamics, transition.

#### How will it be assessed?

Ensemble management and collaborative group skills throughout the process of scene construction. Skills, knowledge and understanding to interpret text and transpose to scene creation and performance outcome.

Performance outcome – application of skills in recorded performance.

Formative assessment throughout Summative assessment – knowledge and understanding of techniques and skills applied

Working notebook content

Teacher, self and peer assessment

breaking the 4th wall, declamatory, motif, movement phrases, movement / dance sequence,

#### How will it be assessed?

Learner collaborative working approaches to devise dramatic scenes – inspired and informed from interpretation of songs. Music/lyrics embedded and connective to dialogue.

Characterisation creation and delivery to meet style.

Choreography and performance of movement / dance to music.

Performance outcome – application of skills in recorded performance.

Formative assessment throughout Summative assessment – knowledge and understanding of techniques and skills applied

Working notebook content

Teacher, self and peer assessment

### Topic/Content

Intro to Religion, belief, morality and faith-related also to religion in the local area (Transition tasks)
Collaborative humanities approach.

A-Z of religion (BBC clips)

### How does this link to prior learning?

Transition tasks over the summer holidays explore religion in Britain and local area.

'A-Z of religion' serves as a baseline to bring all students regardless of primary experience to the same starting point.

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

A-Z of religion is a set of education clips to introduce KS3 students to faiths and belief systems around the world.

- Intro to key terms and religious vocab
- Intro to Ethical and Philosophical concepts and questions/debate

### Skills being developed

### Topic/Content

#### Christianity

Intro to key beliefs in the biggest of the 6 world religions.

- -Origins of Christianity and Denominations.
- Some key Biblical stories/parables and how to find a Bible reference
- -The role of the Church, both as a building and as a community
- -Christian charity (CAFOD)
- -Infant and Believer's baptism

### How does this link to prior learning?

Many students will have studied elements of Christianity at primary school

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

- -Learning the key beliefs of Christians and how this influences British culture and traditions
- -Understanding the link between belief, faith, Morality and behaviour eg, charity
- -Evaluating the role of Christianity and the Church

### Topic/Content

### Islam (Full term)

Intro and key beliefs of the second biggest world religion.

- The origins of Islam, including the life of the prophet
- The 5 pillars of Islam- what are they and why are they important?
- Each Pillar in turn with a particular emphasis on: Sawm (fasting for Ramadan and sacrifice)
- Salah (prayer) and the role of the Mosque including
   Zakat (charity)
- Hajj (pilgrimage and Commitment)
- Islam in Britain and the positives/challenges for Muslim communities

### How does this link to prior learning?

Many students will have studied elements of Islam but primary schools tend to deal less with this faith and often misconceptions are common as a result of media also.

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

- -Learning key beliefs of this faith and what influences religious behaviour
- Explore the commitment and sacrifice that many Muslims demonstrate by adhering to the 5 Pillars (particularly Muslims living in Britain)
- Explore the concept of equality (Hajj) and duty to others (charity) within this faith
- -Examine prejudice, Discrimination and other challenges facing Muslims in Britain

### Skills being developed

- Discussion debate
- Evaluating arguments and drawing conclusions from a variety of perspectives
- Demonstrate empathy

Extending writing skills using a variety of command words **How will it be assessed?** 

### **Topic/Content**

'Scared Earth' - religion and the environment

Explore a range of beliefs (including non-religious) about the origins of the universe, our planet and humanity.

- How did the planet get here?
- Various religious perspectives including creation accounts from faiths around the world.
- What are our duties towards the planet and the environment? a focus on stewardship and environmental sustainability
- How does a person's beliefs regarding the origins of the universe and humanity influence their attitudes towards caring for the planet and others?
- Animals and humanity- are they equal? Do animals have the same rights as humans? Various religious and non- religious approaches to this

### How does this link to prior learning?

Students often have some knowledge from primary school of various creation accounts and scientific principles about the origin f the universe.

-Cross curricular links to Geography, many students are familiar with some concepts relating to environmental problems and sustainability

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

- Exploring a range of beliefs and to be able to make comparisons about the origins of the universe and humanity.
- Consider environmental problems facing us locally and globally
- Assess the role and duty of humanity towards caring for the environment and explore the concept of stewardship within this (including animal rights)
- Examine the influence that a person's belief system may have on their attitude and behaviour towards the environment/planet/animals and humanity

### RE (1

- Expressing belief and demonstrating tolerance and empathy towards others
- Ground rules encourage proper debate
- Learning accurate religious vocab to be utilised throughout school
- Links to British values (Respect/equality/ tolerance)

#### How will it be assessed?

Baseline assessment after first intro unit – What is Religion, Belief and Morality?
Keyword tests

in today's society as well as considering the challenges Christians face today (relate to British Census and changes)

### Skills being developed

- Discussion debate
- Evaluating arguments and drawing conclusions from a variety of perspectives
- Demonstrate empathy
- Extending writing skills using a variety of command words

### How will it be assessed?

- Practice extended writing questions
- Group presentation and design of a modern
   Church demonstrating understanding of why and how it is utilised by a community
- End of unit assessment measured against mastery framework

- -Practice extended writing questions
- Presentation on Hajj and the importance of each element of the pilgrimage
- End of unit assessment measured against mastery framework

#### Skills being developed

- Discussion debate
- Evaluating arguments and drawing conclusions from a variety of perspectives
- Demonstrate empathy

Extending writing skills using a variety of command words

#### How will it be assessed?

- Practice extended writing questions
- Presentations exploring creation accounts and scientific principles in relation to the origins of the universe and humanity- demonstrating how these link to behaviour and attitudes towards caring for the planet.
- End of unit assessment measured against mastery framework

## PSHEE (1)

#### **Topic/Content**

- 1. Wellbeing.
  - Transition to Secondary School.

    Attitudes to Mental Health. Promoting emotional wellbeing. Digital resilience, Unhealthy coping strategies (self harm and eating disorders), Healthy coping strategies.
- 2. Transition to secondary school and personal safety in and outside of school including first aid.
- 3. Developing Skills and Aspirations
  Careers, teamwork and enterprise skills, and raising aspirations.

### How does this link to prior learning?

KS2 RSE: Being Safe

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

- Learn: about attitudes to mental health and challenging misconceptions; ways to promote emotional wellbeing and to build resilience and how to reframe disappointments and setbacks; about the impact of social media on mental health and emotional wellbeing; strategies to develop digital resilience; about unhealthy coping strategies, including self-harm and eating disorders; why, when and how to access support for themselves or others; healthy ways to manage difficult feelings or challenging circumstances.
- Exploring the nature of both expected and unexpected change. Identifying some of the challenges that can arise in managing changing situations and relationships, and learn where to get support if needed.
   Learn about helping others and what first aid is.
- Learn: how to be enterprising, including skills of problem-solving, communication, teamwork, leadership, risk-management, and creativity; about a broad range ofcareers and the abilities and qualities required for different careers about equality of opportunity; how to challenge stereotypes, broaden

### Topic/Content

- Health and Puberty
   Healthy routines, influences on health, puberty,
   unwanted contact and FGM
- Diversity
  Diversity, prejudice and bullying.

#### How does this link to prior learning?

KS2: Caring friendships, respectful relationships, Being safe.

### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

To learn about good oral hygiene, dental health and how to access NHS Services.

To understand what FGM is and that it is abuse and a crime. To know about the support that is available to anyone at risk of FGM.

Understand the physical and emotional changes that occur during puberty, identify ways of managing the changes that occur during puberty, know where to seek advice and support about the changes that occur during puberty, such as the school nurses. Identify what happens when we sleep, be able to describe the benefits of good quality sleep and be able to explain strategies to promote good quality sleep and where to seek support if sleep is difficult. To be able to describe the meaning of bullying and cyberbullying and the impact it can have on an individual, explore the challenging scenarios and their appropriate responses, explain where to seek support and advice on bullying/cyberbullying. Be able to identify which actions cross the line between 'banter' and cyberbullying with a focus on LGBTQ and stereotypes.

### Skills being developed

- how to make healthy lifestyle choices including diet, dental health, physical activity and sleep
- how to manage physical and emotional changes during puberty
- about personal hygiene

### Topic/Content

- 3. Building Relationships
  Self-worth, romance and friendships (including online) and relationship boundaries.
- Financial Decision Making
   Saving, borrowing, budgeting and making financial choices.

#### How does this link to prior learning?

KS2: Caring friendships, respectful relationships, Being safe.

#### Non-negotiable Experiences in the learning scheme

Identify the qualities of positive friendships, describe strategies for dealing with challenges in friendships, explain where and how to access support and help, including from professionals.

To analyse one of many sources of potential body confidence pressure, to have an understanding of similarities, differences and strengths, to increase confidence, resilience and self-esteem.

To identify healthy and unhealthy relationship behaviours, to describe the consequences of different relationship communication styles, to demonstrate active listening and assertiveness skills.

To explain what consent means, both legally and ethically and why it is so important. To identify signs of when someone is consenting and when they are not, to describe how consent is sought, given and not given in a healthy relationship, to give reasons why most young people do not have sex until they have passed the age of consent.

To recognise your money personality, to understand value for money, to plan the next steps in your financial journey, to understand how to deal with financial dilemmas.

#### Skills being developed

- how to develop self-worth and self-efficacy
- about qualities and behaviours relating to different types of positive relationships
- how to recognise unhealthy relationships
- how to recognise and challenge media stereotypes
- how to evaluate expectations for romantic relationships
- about consent, and how to seek and assertively communicate consent

their horizons and how to identify future career aspirations; about the link between values and career choices

#### Skills being developed

- 1. Evaluate the links between mental health and physical health; identify common misconceptions about mental health; recognise and challenge prejudice and discriminatory language and behaviour, in relation to mental health. To explain the factors that affect emotional wellbeing: identify ways to promote emotional wellbeing and build resilience; to reframe and learn from disappointments and setbacks. To evaluate the positive and negative impact of social media on emotional wellbeing; to analyse the reasons people post and look at online images and the impact this can have on self-esteem and body image; to describe strategies to promote emotional wellbeing online. To explain why selfharm and eating disorders are unhealthy coping strategies; to recognise misconceptions about unhealthy coping strategies; to recognise warning signs of emotional difficulties; identify suitable sources of support; and explain why, when and how to seek help for themselves or others. To recognise circumstances leading to intense emotions that may be difficult to manage: to explain a range of positive strategies for managing difficult emotions; to assess whom, how and why to ask for support when it's needed.
- 2. How to identify, express and manage their emotions in a constructive way; how to manage the challenges of moving to a new school; how to establish and manage friendships; how to improve study skills; how to identify personal strengths and areas for development; personal safety strategies and travel safety, e.g. road, rail and water; how to respond in an emergency situation; basic first aid;
- 3. To identify challenges and describe the feelings experienced when overcoming them; to analyse

- how to recognise and respond to inappropriate and unwanted contact
- about FGM and how to access help and support
- about identity, rights and responsibilities
- about living in a diverse society
- how to challenge prejudice, stereotypes and discrimination
- the signs and effects of all types of bullying, including online
- how to respond to bullying of any kind, including online
- how to support others

### How will it be assessed?

Baseline quiz.

Entry and exit confidence levels.

; to

- how to make safe financial choices
- about ethical and unethical business practices and consumerism
- about saving spending and budgeting
- how to manage risk-taking behaviour

#### How will it be assessed?

Entry and exit knowledge mindmaps. End of unit quiz.



challenges posed in the workplace, to plan how to overcome a fear or challenge; to understand the importance of staying positive, including in relation to the workplace, to understand the importance of learning from experiences, even if they are negative, to explain different strategies they can use to build resilience and manage personal challenges and setbacks. To identify a number of key personal skills, to explain how they already demonstrate these skills in their everyday lives, to evaluate how they can build on these skills and adapt them to a workplace setting. To identify opportunities to aim high in their everyday lives, to understand the difference between being proactive and reactive, to recognise how being proactive can help them aim high and achieve their goals. To identify problems of different scales and what is needed to solve them, to illustrate the use of an adaptable approach to solving problems, to understand that problem solving is a core transferable skill and identify its usefulness in a work setting, to work in a team to solve a problem.

### How will it be assessed?

**Entry and Exit Confidence levels**